

Technical workshop: Practical aspects of sustainable energy development in Kyrgyzstan

Quality control of energy performance certificates Bishkek, October 6, 2023

Energy performance certification of buildings in Kazakhstan – evolution and lessons learned

Zhaxylyk Tokayev, energy efficiency expert

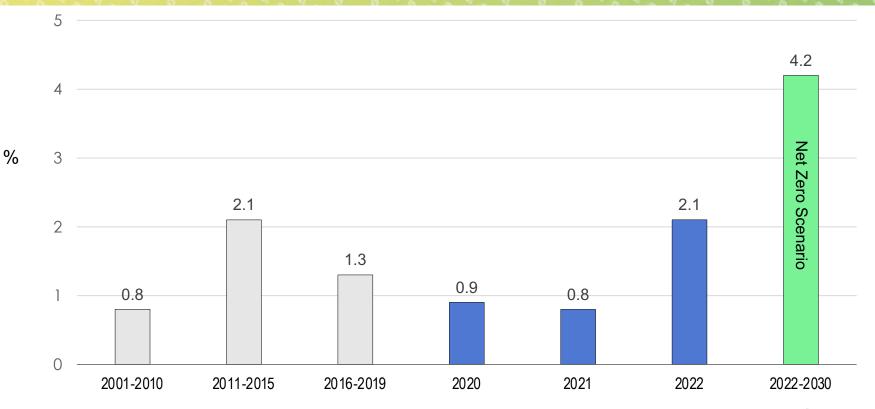








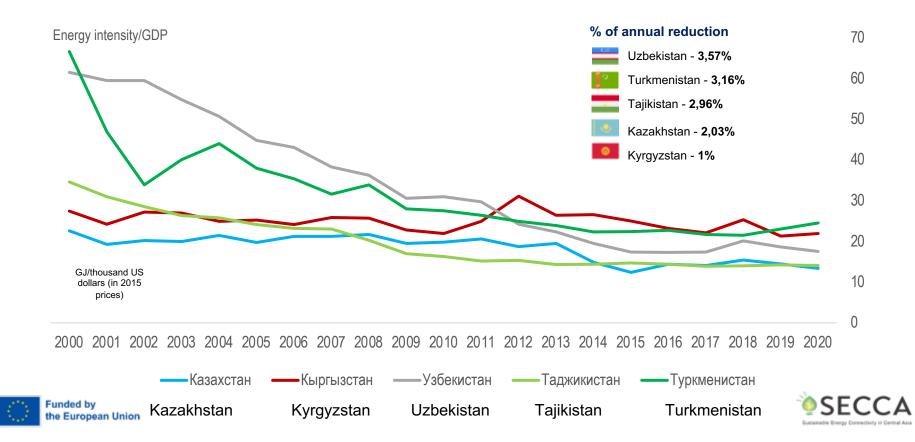
Global increase in the level of energy intensity of primary energy, annual change in carbon neutrality scenario, 2000-2030



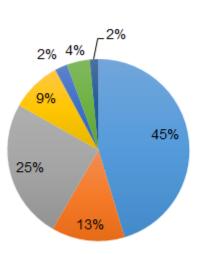




ENERGY INTENSITY OF GDP IN CENTRAL ASIA COUNTRIES



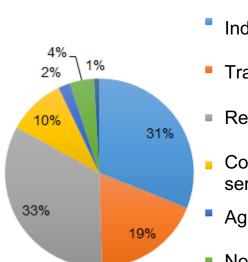
TOTAL FINAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION IN KAZAKHSTAN



Industry

By sector in 2014

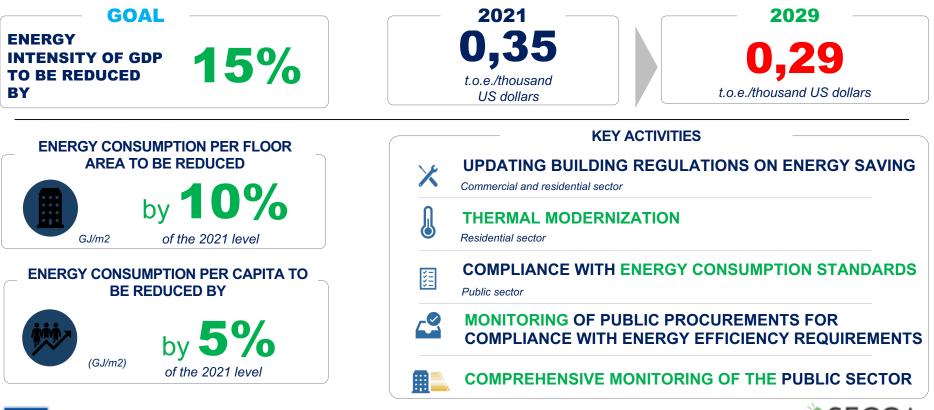
- Transport
- Residential sector
- Commmercial and public services
- Agriculture/forestry
- Not included in other cate
- Non-energy use



- By sector in 2020
 - Industry
 - Transport
 - Residential sector
 - Commmercial and public services
 - Agriculture/forestry
 - Not included in other categories
 - Non-energy use

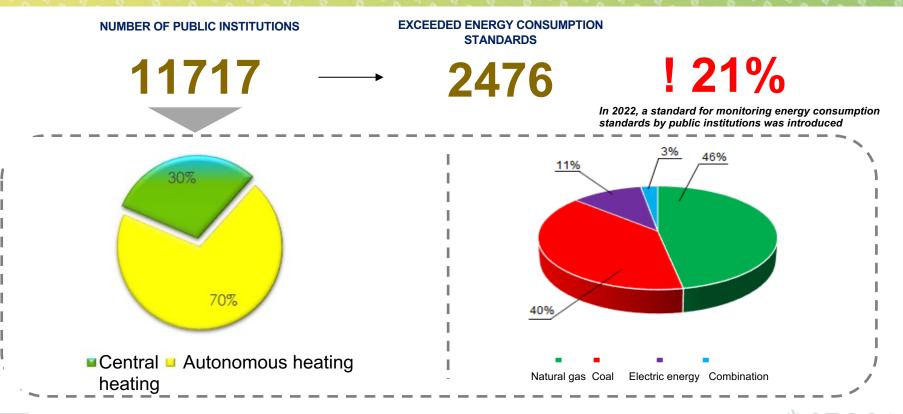


GOAL AND TASKS OF THE ENERGY SAVING CONCEPT OF KAZAKHSTAN



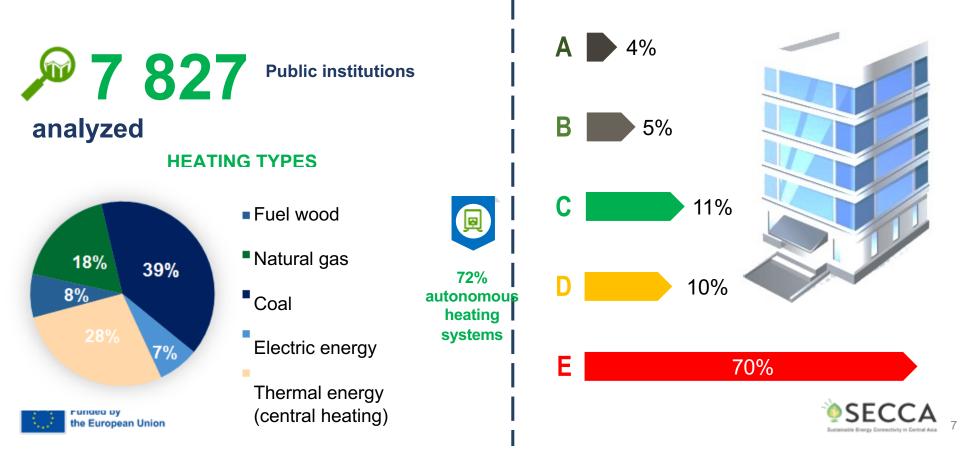


ENERGY CONSUMPTION STANDARDS FOR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS



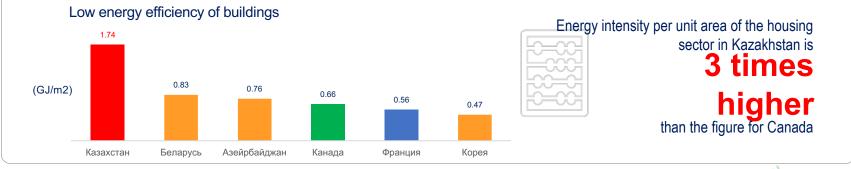


ANALYSIS OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY CLASS OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS



ENERGY EFFICIENCY INDICATORS IN HOUSING

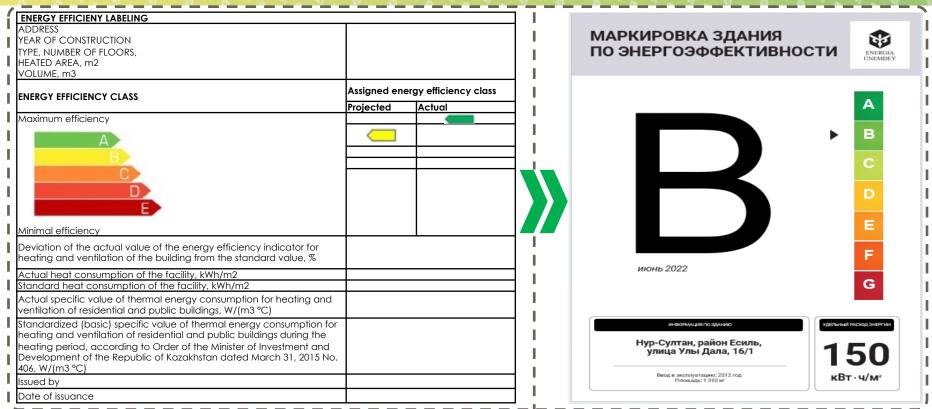
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	Change (%)
Total energy consumption in housing, thousand toe	9900	10711	9927	10934	11277	15145	13469	36%
Energy consumption in housing, GJ	414 498 686	448 460 322	415 627 350	457 783 589	472 138 207	634 092 450	563 925 647	36%
Energy intensity per capita (GJ/person)	24	26	23	25	26	34	30	25%
Energy intensity per unit area (GJ/m2)	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.7	1.5	23%
Energy intensity per building unit (GJ/building)	181	196	183	199	202	268	236	31%



Funded by Kazakhstan Belarus Azerbaijan Canada France Korea



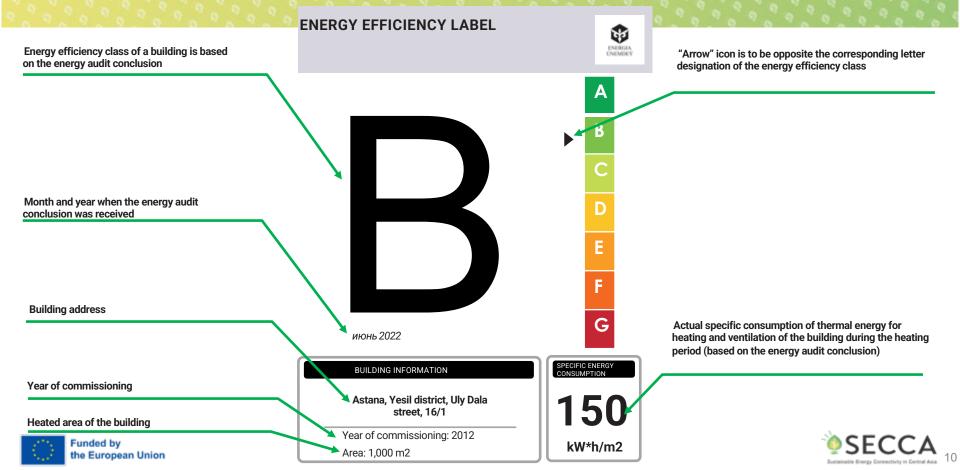
ENERGY EFFICIENCY LABELING







CURRENT ENERGY EFFICIENCY LABEL

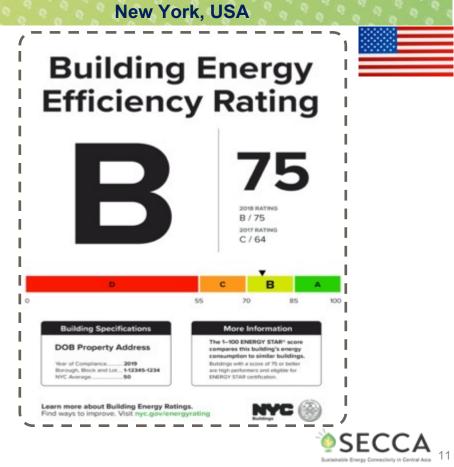


ENERGY EFFICIENCY LABELING OF BUILDINGS IN OTHER COUNTRIES

Great Britain



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Employer Trading Address: April - Youke, New York, Il Manches, Episconet, Issue Beter, 12 May 2007	mengham, the tAA
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Map of climatic zoning of Kazakhstan for construction



CODE OF RULES OF THE REPUBLIC OF KAZAKHSTAN 2.04-01-2017





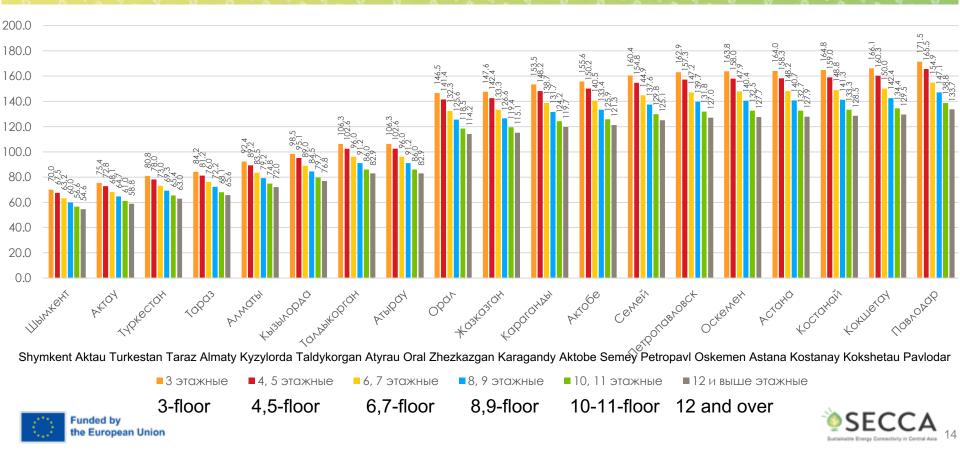
Standardized (basic) specific thermal energy consumption for heating and ventilation of buildings during the heating period, qottr W/(m3•°C)

	Number of floors									
Building type	1	2	3	4, 5	6, 7	8, 9	10, 11	12 and over		
1 Residential multi-apartment buildings, hotels, dormitories	0,455	0,414	0,372	0,359	0,336	0,319	0,301	0,290		
2 Public buildings, except those listed in lines 3-6 of the Table	0,487	0,440	0,417	0,371	0,359	0,342	0,324	-		
3 Clinics and medical institutions, boarding houses	0,394	0,382	0,371	0,359	0,348	0,336	0,324	-		
4 Preschool institutions, hospices	0,521	0,521	0,521	-	-	-	-	-		
5 Service buildings, facilities for cultural and leisure activities, technology parks, warehouses	0,266	0,255	0,243	0,232	0,232	-	-	-		
6 Administrative buildings (offices)	0,417	0,394	0,382	0,313	0,278	0,255	0,232	0,232		





Current requirements for the maximum permitted consumption of thermal energy for heating and ventilation in residential buildings of different floor numbers for different cities of Kazakhstan, kWh/sq.m







On Energy Saving and Energy Efficiency

Law of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated January 13, 2012 No. 541-IV.

7) class of energy efficiency of the building, structure, construction - the level of profitability of energy consumption of the building, structure, construction characterizing its energy efficiency at operation stage;

4. The required energy efficiency class shall be specified in the assignment for the development of the construction project (reconstruction, overhaul) and shall be indicated in the technical passport of the constructed and commissioned facility when registering rights to real estate after the completed facility (reconstruction, overhaul) shall be put into operation.

5. Class of energy efficiency of existing buildings, structures, constructions and its review shall be established in the manner determined by the authorized body, following the results of conducting energy audit and shall be stated in a technical passport of a building, structure, construction

6. Energy efficiency labeling of existing buildings, structures and constructions shall be established based on the results of the energy audit and indicated in the conclusion on energy saving and energy efficiency improvement.



On approval of form for energy efficiency labeling of buildings, structures, constructions

Order by the Acting Minister for Investment and Development of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated November 26, 2015 No. 1106.



Order by the Minister of Investment and Development of the Republic of Kazakhstan dated March 31, 2015 No. 399.





Rules for determining and revising energy efficiency classes of buildings, structures, and constructions

Old rules

2. The energy efficiency class of a building, structure, and construction is determined:

1) when performing design (design and estimate) documentation for the construction of new or expansion (major repairs, reconstruction) of existing buildings, structures, constructions with an amount of energy resource consumption equivalent to 500 or more tons of standard fuel in one calendar year;

2) when performing design (design and estimate) documentation for the construction of new or expansion (major repairs, reconstruction) of existing buildings, structures, constructions with an amount of energy resource consumption of less than five hundred tons of standard fuel for one calendar year at the initiative of the customer of the design (design and estimate) documentation.

3. The energy efficiency class of existing buildings, structures and constructions is determined based on the results of an energy audit.

New rules

2. The energy efficiency class of a building, structure, and construction is determined:

1) when performing design (design and estimate) documentation for the construction of new or expansion (major repairs, reconstruction) of existing buildings, structures, constructions with an amount of energy resource consumption equivalent to 500 or more tons of standard fuel in one calendar year;

2) when performing design (design and estimate) documentation for the construction of new or expansion (major repairs, reconstruction) of existing buildings, structures, constructions with an amount of energy resource consumption of less than five hundred tons of standard fuel for one calendar year at the initiative of the customer of the design (design and estimate) documentation.

Information about the energy efficiency class of new buildings, structures and constructions or existing buildings, structures and constructions that have undergone expansion (reconstruction, major repairs) is accepted in accordance with the cadastral passport of the constructed and commissioned facility or the certificate of acceptance of the facility into operation and is valid for five years from the moment of their commissioning

3. The energy efficiency class of existing buildings, structures and constructions is determined based on the results of an energy audit.



If you can't measure it, you can't manage it