

Proof of concept for Low Energy Consumption Houses in Tajikistan



Achievements (2013-2023) and perspectives



A programme







Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft Confédération suisse Confederazione Svizzera Confederaziun svizza Energy & environmental awareness TVET sector strenghtening in EE Scale-up in Rasht valley EE in public buildings, ressettlement sites

Research on electricity demand, complementary solutions Catering EE for the most vulnerable





Key partnerships







Why LEC house?

- High level of energy poverty
- Low thermal performance of existing and new single houses (Specific heat consumption: ≈150 kWh/m2 per heating season)
- Tajik building code: (Specific heat consumption-Energy class C: ≈ 65 kWh/m2 per heating season)

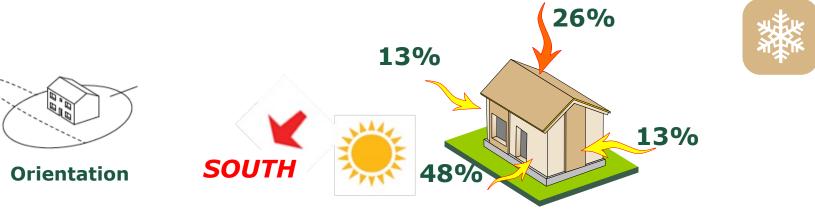
Why single-family house?

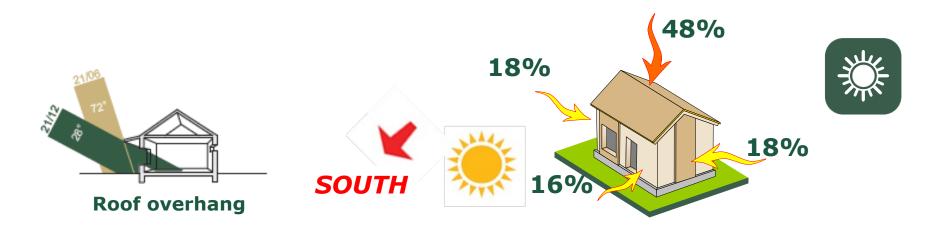
- Rural population: 70%
- 1 400 000 families obtained land plots for single house construction since independence





Main Characteristics



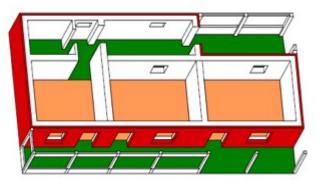






Main Characteristics





External Thermal Insulation



Insulation of exterior walls



Insulation of ceiling





Main Characteristics



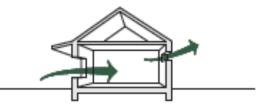
Double Glazed Windows



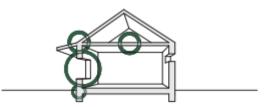
Buffer Zones



Doors and windows



Natural cross ventilation



Seism-resistant structure





Construction process











Construction of demo house in 2017/18







> Fuel consumption monitoring results

Period	Type of the house	Fuel consumption & temperature				
		kWh/day	Equivalent to coal, kg/day	Average temperature of the room, ^o C		
03.02.17-2.03.17 04.01.18-28.02.18	Traditional	62,1	9,5	19,2		
	LEC demo house	24,9	3,8	19,2		
	Difference	37,2	5,7	0		
	% of difference	-59,9%				

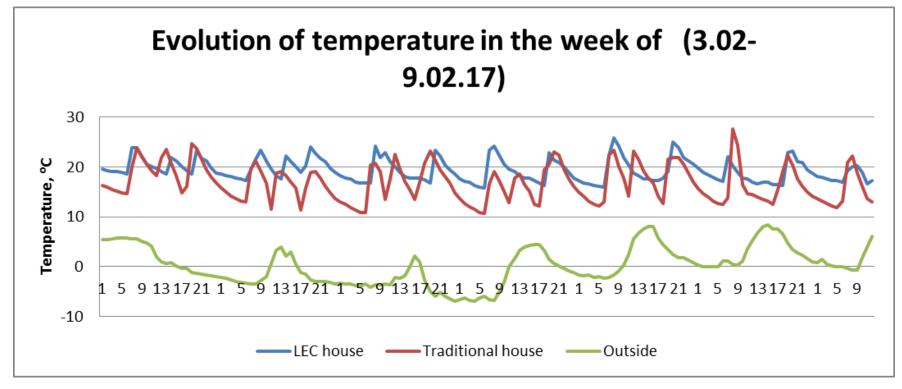
- Number of heated rooms: 1 only
- Total saving per heating season: 726 kg of coal: 43€ (2017), 100€ (2023)
- Specific heat consumption: 56 kWh/m2 per heating season

Geres | 2023



LEC single-family house

Thermal comfort monitoring result



Maximum amplitude of temperature fluctuation per day

- Traditional house : 12,5 °C
- LEC house : 7,5 °C

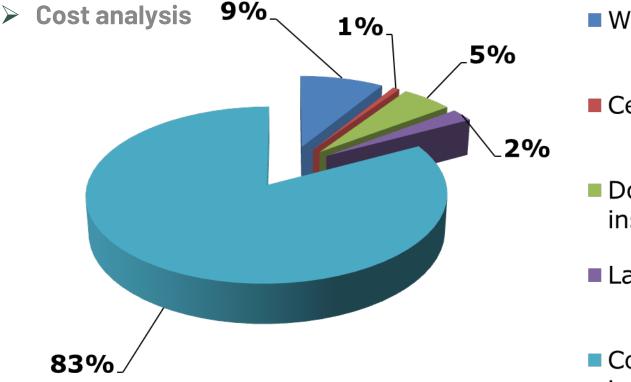


> Thermal comfort monitoring result

Type of	Average temperature of the inner surfaces of, ^o C :					Resultant temperature
the house	Walls	Ceiling	Floor	Window	rature, °C	that people feel, ^o C
LEC house	17,8	17,8	16,8	9,9	18,3	18,1
Traditional	12,5	10,9	13,6	6,6	14	13,1
Difference	5,3	6,9	3,2	3,3	4,3	5







- Wall insulation
- Ceiling insulation
- Doors and windows insulation
- Labour
- Cost of the house in a traditional way

Full LEC House Extra cost ≈ 17% Payback period ≈ 30 years Fuel savings ≈ 60%

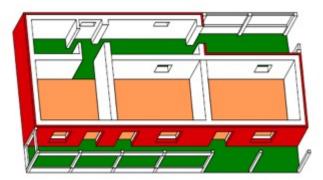




Adjustments to the model

High extra cost of EE measures

Focus on winter rooms;
diversify the categories of the LECH performance



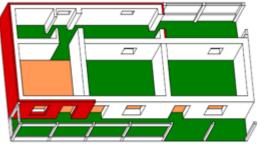
External full insulation

Result: Extra cost from ≈ 7% Fuel saving ≈ 60%





Result: Extra cost from ≈ 1,5% Fuel saving > 20%



Winter rooms insulation

Ceiling insulation + double glazed window installation (focus in winter rooms)



Incentive system currently in place at household level

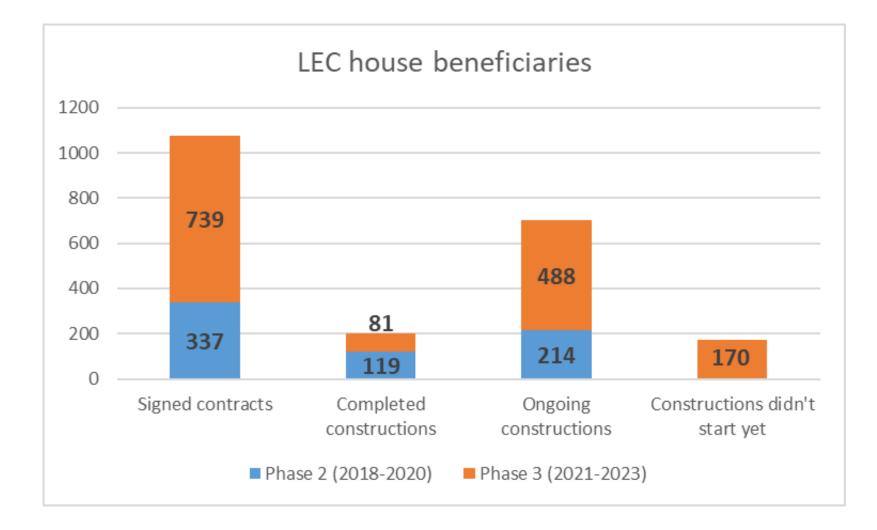
- 50% of interest rate subsidized at completion (and ad hoc revolving fund)
- 50% of the cost of album subsidized
- Winter room double glazed window(s) as incentive for homebuilders
- Performance monitoring cost (130€)

Geres 2023





ACHIEVEMENTS to date





Proof of concept

More than 1000 households have decided to build LECH, even if fuel savings are not the strong selling point. The offered LECH are economical in construction, adapted to wishes, aesthetically pleasing, with modern comfort. Fuel savings range from 20% (additional costs 1,5%) to 60% (additional costs 7%). The amount of support for the construction of LECH is less than 300 euros (with a global investment of 15,000 euros). The mechanism has been developed, tested and implemented in 8 districts (DRS and Khujand with Rasht ongoing)



Perspectives on a scale-up programme



Building on demand

300 to 400.000 new houses will be built in Tajikistan

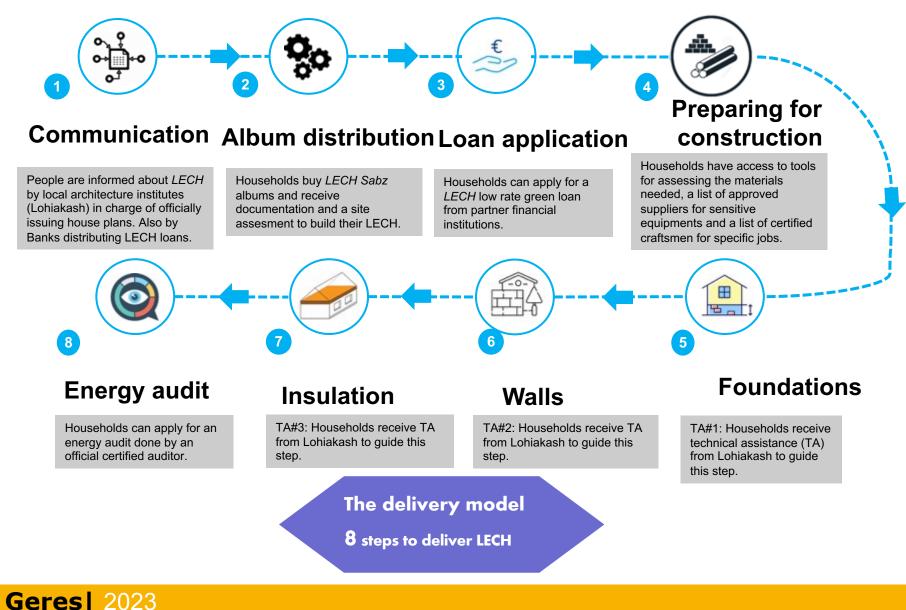
Building on the consortium

State agencies, financial Institutions, certified crafstmen, Local authorities





Fine-tune the delivery model





Perspectives on a scale-up programme

100 000 to 150 000 LECH

30 to 50% of new houses are LECH

200 € SUPPORT per LECH

Overall budget between 20 & 30 M€

30 to 45 M€ benefit*

for families and the community





NEXT STEPS

12/2023

Cost Benefit Analysis 01/2024

Programme Management Unit active

Engagement with local and international funding mechanisms 06/2024

Program 100% designed

12/2024

Fundraising achieved for the 1st scale-up phase

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!

