

Training workshop: "Studying international practices in implementation of innovative energy efficiency technologies in the electric power industry. Methodology, goal and objectives of electricity and heat consumers energy survey" SEIT building, 62 Bayram Khan str, Mary, 13-19 March 2024

Kazakhstan's experience in implementing energy efficient measures in residential and public buildings. Achieved results and prospects.

Zhaxylyk Tokayev International Consultant, SECCA

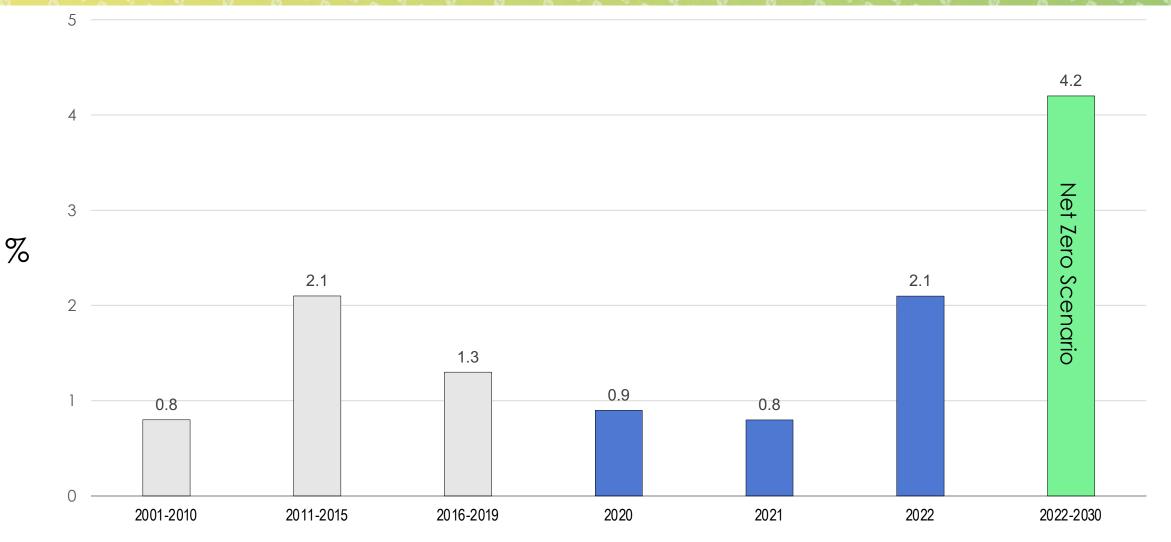






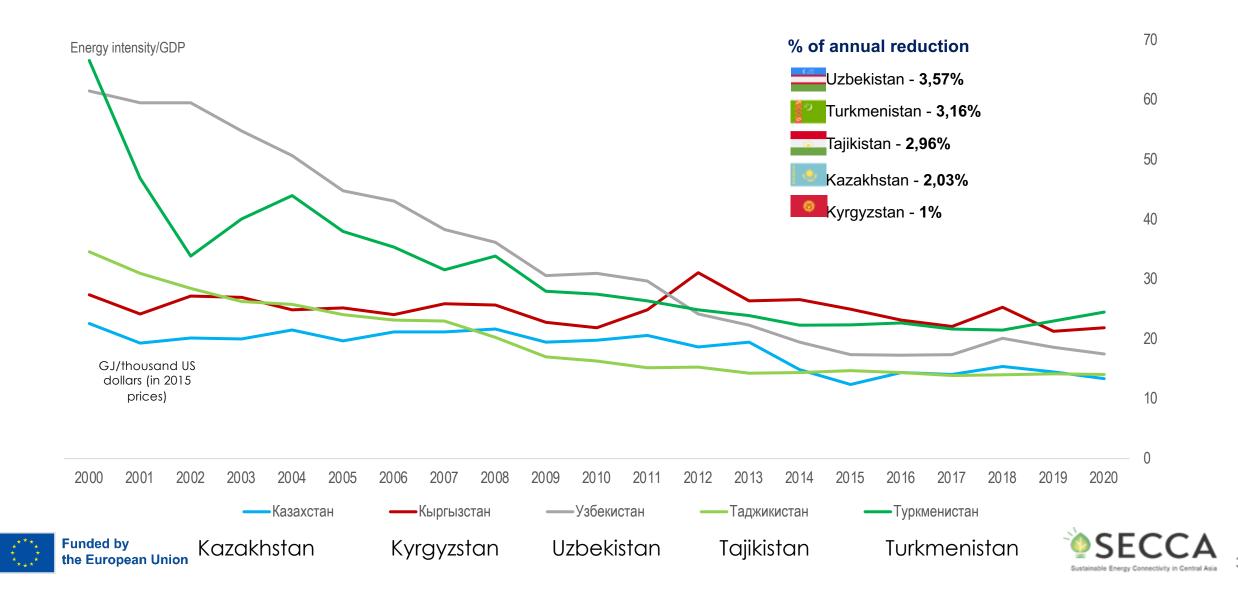


Global increase in the energy intensity level of primary energy, annual change in carbon neutrality scenario, 2000-2030





ENERGY INTENSITY OF GDP IN CENTRAL ASIA COUNTRIES



ENERGY SAVING POLICY







OVERVIEW OF THE FUEL AND ENERGY BALANCE IN KAZAKHSTAN

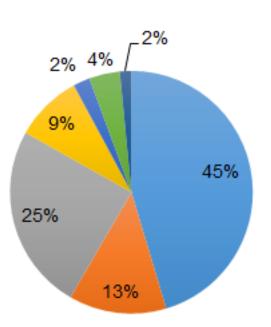
| | 2014 | 2022 | Percentage change |
|-----------------------------------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Production | 161 268 | 160 667 | -0,4% |
| Import | 7 472 | 2 747 | -63,2% |
| Export | -102 989 | -90 335 | -12,3% |
| International bunkers | -232 | -491 | 111,6% |
| Changes in balances* | -373 | -2 720 | 629,2% |
| Total primary energy supply | 65 146 | 69 868 | 7,2% |
| Statistical discrepancy | 1 525 | -186 | -112,2% |
| Transmission | - | _ | - |
| Energy sectors | 20 786 | 22 591 | 8,7% |
| Losses | 2 924 | 4 061 | 38,9% |
| Total final energy consumption | 39 911 | 43 402 | 8,7% |
| Industry | 18 108 | 12 251 | -32,3% |
| Housing | 9 900 | 13 388 | 35,2% |
| Commercial and public services | 3 581 | 6 930 | 93,5% |
| Transport | 5 184 | 8 608 | 66% |
| Agriculture and fishing | 895 | 1 069 | 19,4% |
| Other and non-energy uses | 2 243 | 1 154 | -48,6% |

energy consumption (TFEC), 2020, thousand toe Export 90 335 Statistical discrepancy, transmission -- 186 Energy sectors 22 591 Production **TPES** Import 2 +160 667 69 868 TFEC 747 +43 402 + Losses -3 211 4 061 Changes in balances, international bunkers Housing Industry TFEC Commercial services Transport 43 402 Agriculture Other and non-energy uses

Calculation of total primary energy supply (TPES) and total final



TOTAL FINAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION IN KAZAKHSTAN

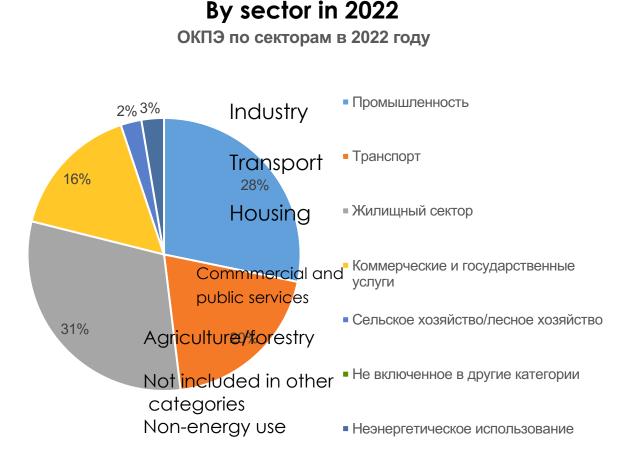


Industry

By sector in 2014

Transport

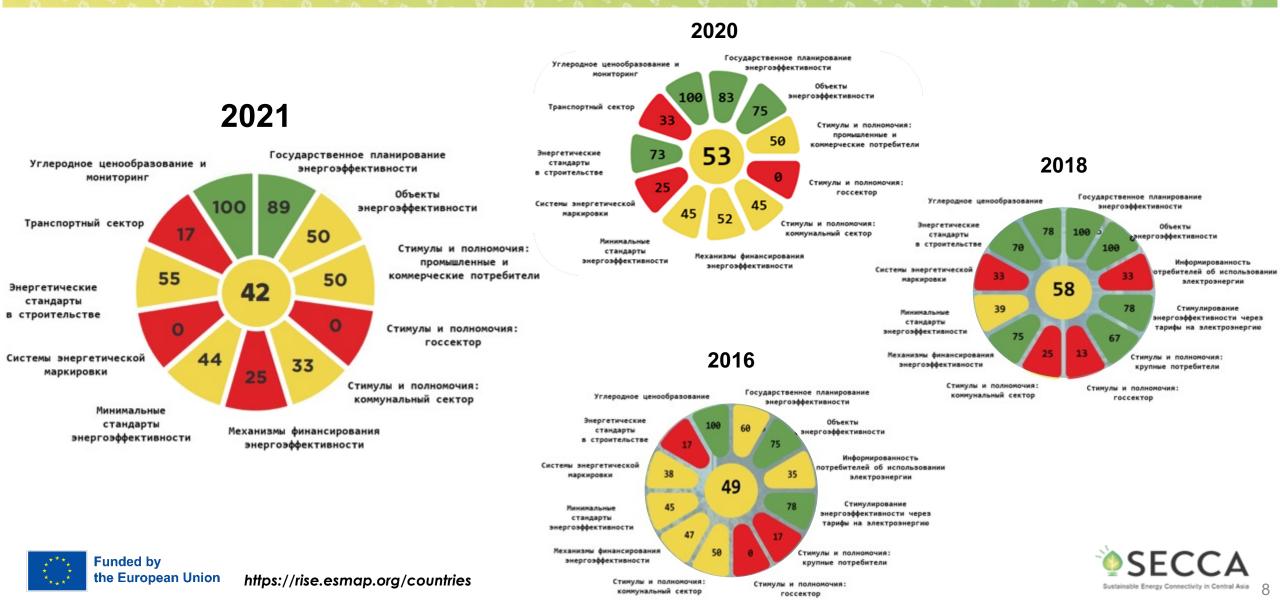
- Housing
- Commercial and public services
- Agriculture/forestry
- Not included in other categories
- Non-energy use







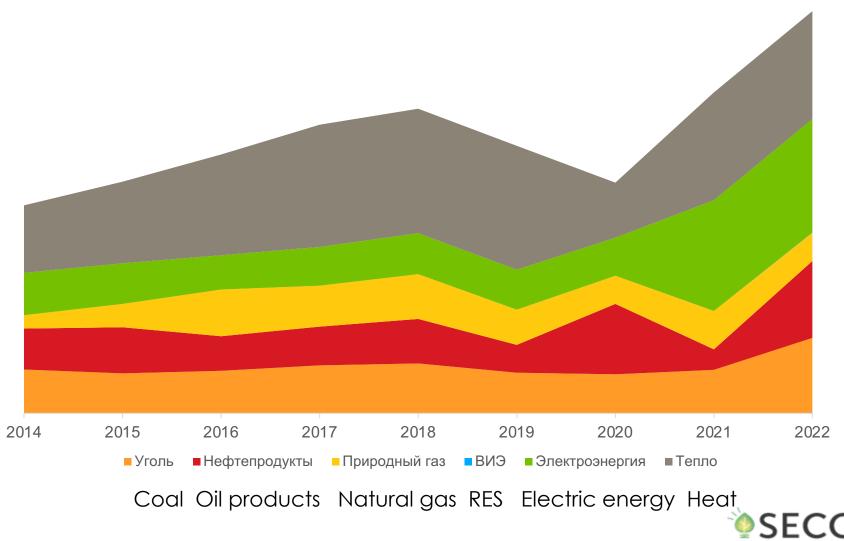
REGULATORY INDICATORS FOR SUSTAINABLE ENERGY (RISE)



ENERGY CONSUMPTION IN PUBLIC AND COMMERCIAL SERVICES

by 93%

Increase in final consumption in the sector in 2022 compared to 2014

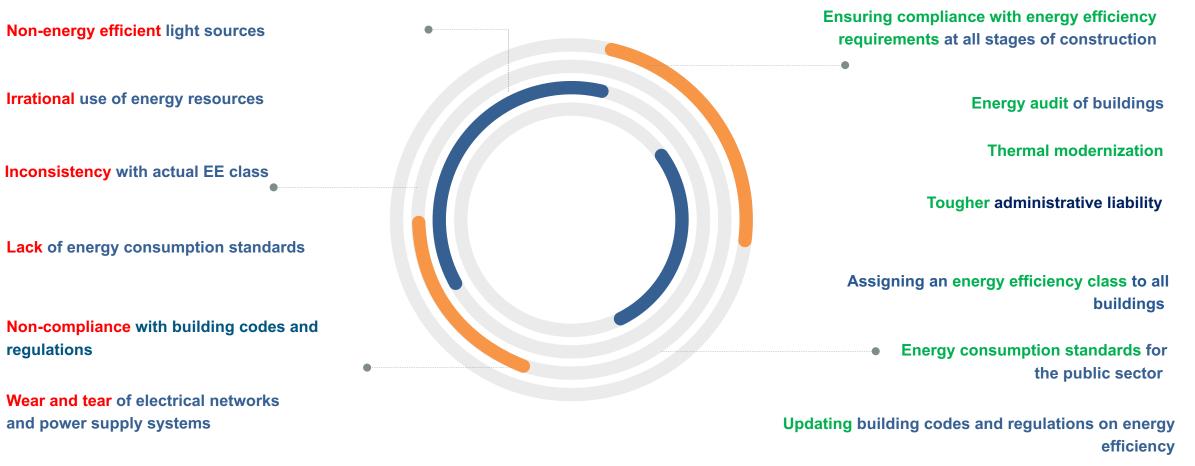




Public sector and buildings

PROBLEM

SOLUTION







PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS

GYMNASIUM

BOARDING SCHOOL



SECONDARY SCHOOL



SCHOOL -LYCEUM



SPORTS SCHOOL



TRADE SCHOOL



the European Union

UNIVERSITY



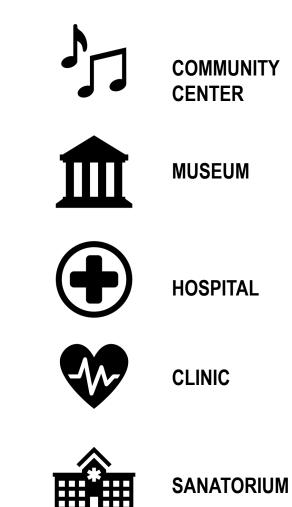


ADMINISTRATIVE BUILDINGS

KINDERGARTEN



THEATER



SECCA Sustainable Energy Connectivity in Central Asia 11



IF YOU CANNOT MEASURE IT, YOU CANNOT MANAGE IT

monitoring can be held in real time daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly or annually





Law of RK On Energy Saving and Improving Energy Efficiency

ARTICLE 9 PARAGRAPH 1.1

Information entered into the State energy register in relation to the subjects of the State energy register, which shall be state institutions, shall include:

1) business identification number of the legal entity, its postal address, name and main activities;

2) the volume of consumption of energy resources and water in physical and monetary terms for one calendar year;

3) measures for energy saving and energy efficiency improvement during the reporting period and a copy of the conclusion on energy saving and energy efficiency improvement or technical report (if any);

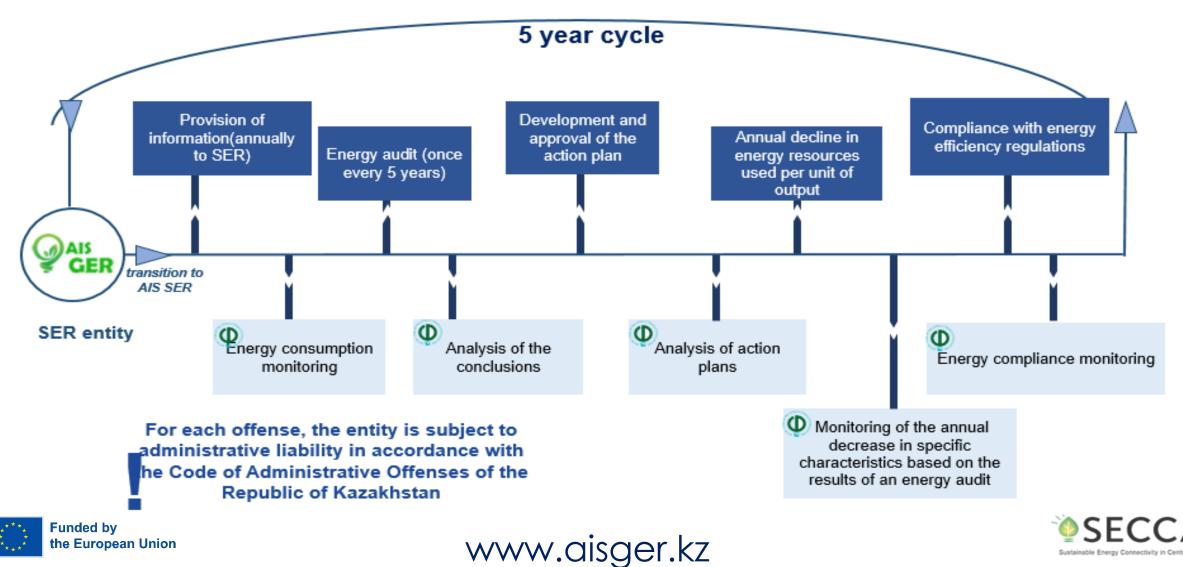
4) sources of heating and consumption of energy resources for heating per unit area of buildings, structures for the reporting period;

5) list of power-consuming equipment.





AIS STATE ENERGY REGISTER



AIS STATE ENERGY REGISTER



SER entities consume 60% of the country's level, or 60.5 million tons of reference fuel



Entities not included in SER - 14%



Housing - 20%



Losses - 6%

The country's consumption in 2022 amounted to 99,8 million tons of reference fuel

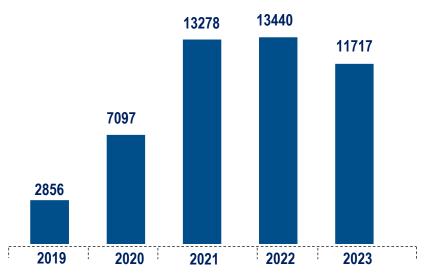
In 2016, the Ministry of Investment and Development of the Republic of Kazakhstan began digitalization of energy efficiency indicators

DIGITALIZATION of the State Energy Register (SER) and reports



Количество государственных учреждений в ГЭР

Number of public institutions in SER



Before 2019, the SER included public institutions with a consumption threshold of **100 or more** tons of reference fuel per year.

After 2019, the consumption threshold was abolished and all public institutions were included in SER.



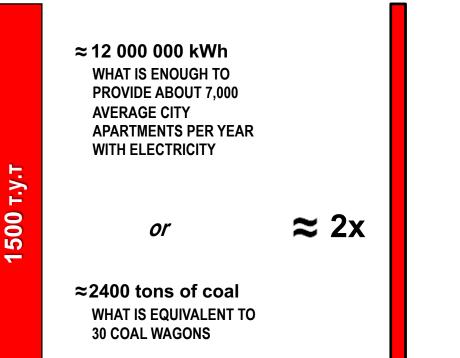


WHAT IS "A TON OF REFERENCE FUEL"?

Reference fuel – a unit accepted upon technical economic calculations and specified in standards. It is used for correlation of a heat value of different types of fuels

1 TON OF REFERENCE FUEL IS EQUIVALENT TO:

- 7 million kcal
- 1.6 tons of coal;
- 2.45 tons of lignite;
- 8130 kWh of electricity;
- 6.99 Gcal of heat;
- 906 liters of motor gasoline;
- 914 liters of aviation gasoline;
- 840 liters of kerosene;
- 793 liters of diesel fuel
- 0.73 tons of fuel oil;
- 854 m3 of natural gas;
- 869 m3 of associated petroleum gas;
- 7142 m3 of blast furnace gas;
- 636 m3 of stripped gas;
- 1754 m3 of coke oven gas
- 1.57 tons of liquefied gas









AIS STATE ENERGY REGISTER

| Energy resource | Measurement unit |
|--|---------------------|
| Coal | t |
| Coal briquettes, balls | t |
| Lignite (brown coal) | t |
| Crude oil | t |
| Gas condensate | t |
| Natural gas | m3 |
| Associated petroleum gas | m3 |
| Coke and semi-coke | t |
| Sawdust and wood waste | t |
| Aviation gasoline | I |
| Motor gasoline | I |
| Jet fuel gasoline type | I |
| Kerosene | I |
| Diesel fuel (Gas oils) | I |
| Fuel oil | t |
| Furnace fuel | t |
| Liquefied gas (propane and butane) | t |
| Purified gases, including ethylene, propylene, butylene, butadiene and other petroleum gases | t |
| Stripped gas | m3 |

| Energy resource | Measurement unit |
|--|---------------------|
| Oil and shale coke | t |
| Oil and shale bitumen | t |
| Blast furnace gas | m3 |
| Coke gas | m3 |
| Gas obtained by distillation at oil refineries | m3 |
| Electricity | kWh |
| Thermal energy | gcal |
| Anthracite | t |
| Wood | t |
| Brown coal (lignite) briquettes and balls | t |
| Coking coal | t |
| Coal concentrate | t |
| Steam coal with high ash content | t |
| Coal resins | t |
| Jet fuel kerosene type | I |
| White spirit | |
| Lubricants | I |
| Charcoal, including agglomerated one | t |
| Ferroalloy gas | m3 |







SER FORMS FOR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS

| Раздел | 1. | Укажите | общие | сведения о | б админист | ративных | зданиях |
|--------|----|------------|----------------|------------|------------|----------|-----------|
| 1 1000 | •• | · Kazali · | oom ine | сведения с | o againmen | PULLDIN | JANIII MA |

| № п/п | Количество зданий, строений и сооружений | Год постройки | Наличие автомати зированн ого тепловог о пункта (Да/Нет) | Этажность здания, строения и сооружения | Средняя высота этажа, м | Общая площадь здания, строения и сооружения, м ² | Отапливаемая площадь здания, строения и сооружения, м ² | Кол-во сотрудников, работников (по штату) | Количество учащихся, воспитанник ов | Количество посещений, койко-мест |
|-------|---|---------------|--|--|----------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| 1 | | ! | | | | | | | | |

Раздел 3. Укажите информацию об источнике автономного отопления

| № п/п | Тип источника отопления | Количество источников отопления, штук | Коэффициент полезного действия | Мощность источников отопления, Вт | Год ввода в эксплуатацию |
|-------|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 1 | котёл электрический | | | | |
| 2 | котёл угольный | | | | |
| 3 | печь электрическая | | | | |
| 4 | печь угольная | | | | |
| 5 | печь газовая | | | | |
| 6 | печь дизельная | | | | |
| n | прочее | | | | |





SER FORMS FOR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS

| Раздел 2. Укажите расчет показателя энергоэффективности и значение | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--|--|---|---|--|
| № п/п | Вид отопления | Наименование показателя энергоэффективности | Единица измерения используемых коэффициентов энергоэффективн ости организации | Расчет фактического показателя энерго- эффективности | Значение фактического показателя энерго- эффективности | |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | |
| 1 | Центральное отопление | удельное теплопотребление | Гкал/м ² * | | | |
| | | расход электроэнергия на отопление расход дизельного топлива на отопление | киловатт-час/ м ² литр/ м ² | | | |
| | | расход мазута топочного на отопление | тонна/ м ² | | | |
| 2 | Автономное отопление | расход топлива печного бытового на отопление | тонна/ м ² | | | |
| | | расход угля каменного на отопление | тонна/ м ² | | | |
| | | расход природного газа на отопление | $\mathbf{M}^3/\mathbf{M}^2$ | | | |
| | | Прочие расходы энергетических ресурсов на | | | | |





SER FORMS FOR PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS

Раздел 4. Укажите информацию об источниках освещения (внутренние и наружные)

| № п/п | Осветительные приборы | Количество, штук | Мощность, Вт | Время работы в суткн, час | | |
|-------|-----------------------|------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | | |
| 1 | лампы накаливания | | | | | |
| 2 | люминесцентные лампы | | | | | |
| 3 | светодиодные лампы | | | | | |
| n | прочее | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Раздел 5. Укажите информацию по перечню энергопотребляющего оборудования

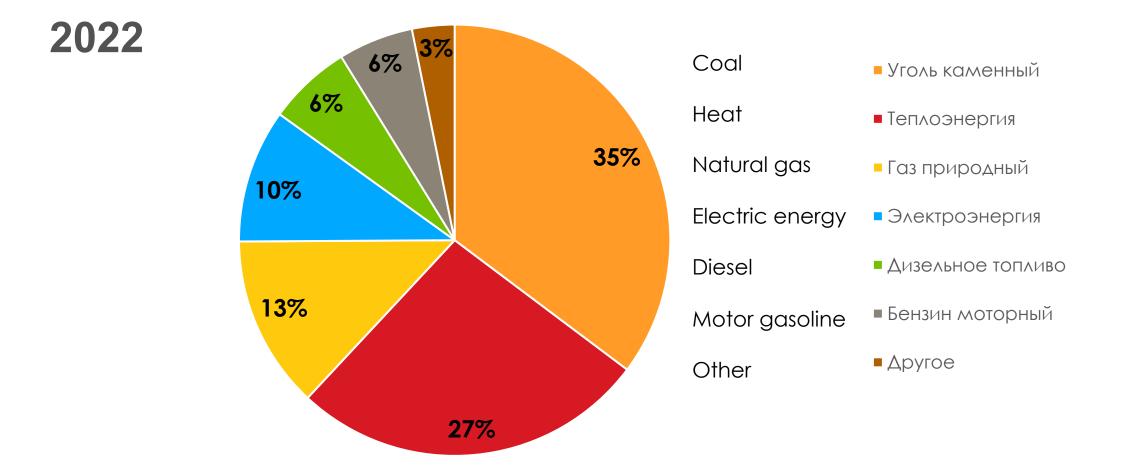
| № п/п | Наименование | Количество, штук | Мощность, Вт | Время работы в сутки, час |
|-------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------|---------------------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 1 | компьютер | | | |
| 2 | плита электрическая | | | |
| 3 | шкаф духовой электрический | | | |
| 4 | шкаф духовой газовый | | | |
| 5 | кондиционер | | | |
| 6 | холодильник | | | |
| n | прочее | | | |







CONSUMPTION OF ENERGY RESOURCES BY SER PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS







PUBLIC SECTOR WITHIN SER

A TOTAL NUMBER OF ENTITES

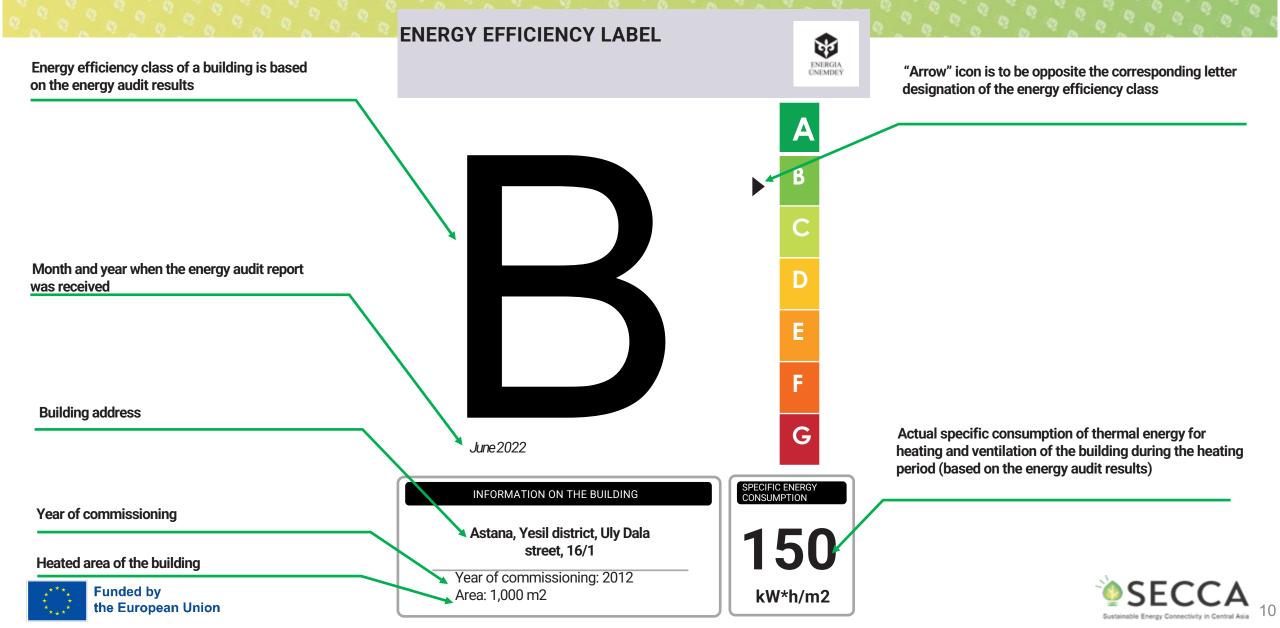
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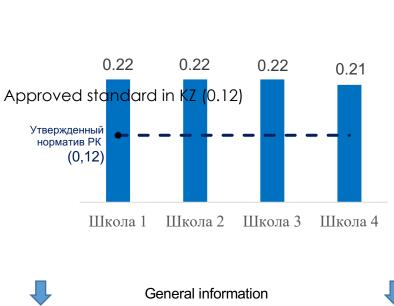
vity in Central Asia 22

the European Union

ENERGY EFFICIENCY LABEL CURRENTLY IN USE



STRUCTURE OF SPECIFIC ENERGY EFFICIENCY INDICATORS BY CLIMATE ZONES



Climate zone 1

| # | name | Year of constructi on | heated area, m2 | coal consumption, tons |
|----------|------|-----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| 1 School | 1 | 1988 | 1337,6 | 300 |
| 2 School | 2 | 2007 | 1353,1 | 300 |
| 3 School | 3 | 1990 | 1380,8 | 300 |
| 4 School | 4 | 2013 | 1342,0 | 280 |

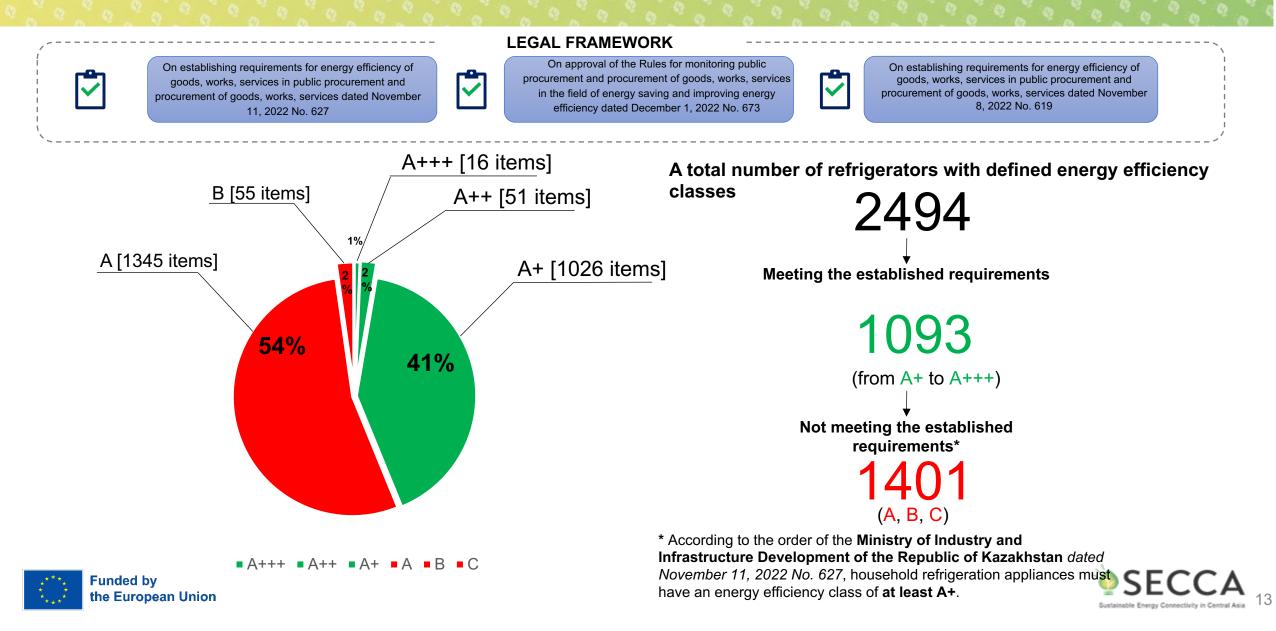
Climate zone 2 Approved standard in KZ (0.16) Утвержденный норматив РК (0,16) 0.12 0.11 0.1 Школа 1 Школа 2 Школа 3 General information

| | | | General information | | |
|---|----------|------|-----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------|
| # | | name | Year of constructi on | heated area, m2 | coal consumption, tons |
| 1 | School 1 | | 1967 | 2440,2 | 300 |
| 2 | School 2 | | 1982 | 2861,3 | 300 |
| 3 | School 3 | | 2012 | 3408 | 300 |

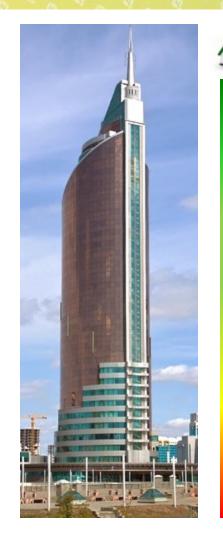




MONITORING PUBLIC PROCUREMENT OF GOODS, WORKS AND SERVICES



PPP PILOT PROJECT





INITIAL DATA Total quantity: 13,400 lamps Lamp power: 18 and 36 W Lamp life: 10.5 hours



MODERNIZATION OF THE "TRANSPORT TOWER" LIGHTING SYSTEM IN 2016

Replacing LB18 and LB36 type lamps with LED energy-saving lamps and connecting an automated control system (dimming)



1 747 548 kWh per year

TECHNICAL PARAMETERSPARAMETERS OF ENERGY SERVICE
CONTRACTLamp power: 9 and 20 WSaving 11 million KZT per year
Investments: 70 million KZT
Payback: 3-5 yearsDimming: 30%Payback: 3-5 years
Term of the energy service contract: 6 years



Funded by the European Union 1 159 475 kWh per year



WORLD BANK PROJECT "INCREASING ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN KAZAKHSTAN"

Example: KSU secondary school No. 17, Karaganda



| SCOPE OF WORK COMPLETED | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Architectural proposal | Heating and ventilation | | | | |
| Seam repair. Panel joints – 2300 m | 1 automated heating point installed | | | | |
| Windows – 965.3 m2 Doors – 29.1 m2 | Electrical equipment and lighting | | | | |
| Roof – 1500 m2 | 902 LED lamps | | | | |



Funded by the European Unior

GOAL AND TASKS OF THE ENERGY SAVING CONCEPT OF KAZAKHSTAN

